in name, but they no longer teach students. B. women teachers D. ladies teachers piano very well, but she doesn't make a living by teaching C. a;/ D. a:a 11. My bike is broken, so I need to have it . . C. to repair D. repairing 12. The teacher suggests that we our homework every day if we want to get a high score. C. do D. will do you can give me a perfect explanation. B. however D. unless 14. —Glad to see you again. I you for weeks. —I in beijing. I've just got back. B. wasn't seeing; am D. haven't seen; was 15. , she is not a very beautiful girl. A. As far as her appearance is concerned B. As far her appearance is concerned C. With her appearance is concerned D. As far as her appearance are concerned 16. We never needed to ask him for help. B. didn't we D. needn't we 17. The skirt I bought yesterday is the best one I've ever bought. B. that D. of which 18.—Have you ever heard from Lily and Mary? of them. B. any D. all more time, we could have finished the mission very well. B. Give D. To give the whole thing to him that his mother loved him. B. had I explained; that the knew C. I had explained; that he knew D. I had explained; did he know

C. temper

D. tune

英语仿真试题演练(一)

得	分	评卷人

III. Cloze (30 points)

Directions: For each blank in the following passage, there are four choices marked A, B, C and D. Choose the one that is most suitable and mark your answer by blackening the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

It was wonderful up there. Ralph wanted to reach out and <u>21</u> a star, for they <u>22</u> so close. He could see the Earth getting smaller and smaller.

The ship circled around a made star called Mars(火星), and his space friends <u>23</u> Ralph understand that this was their home.

He wanted to ask all kinds of <u>24</u>, but no one could answer him. There was nothing to eat or drink. There people had only <u>25</u> coloured pills which they can eat <u>26</u> they were hungry.

Soon it became <u>27</u> harder for Ralph to breathe that he felt at first. He felt <u>28</u> light that he could not even stand <u>29</u> his own feet. "If I could only have some water," he <u>30</u>, "and a ride back down to the Earth!"

The spacemen knew that it was <u>31</u> for Ralph to leave. He could not live up there <u>32</u> longer without special air or suit like theirs. So they took him to a part of the ship where there was <u>33</u> enough for just one man. A door closed over his head and <u>34</u> a minute Ralph was flying down to the Earth in his own rocket ship.

Suddenly he felt the rocket 35 down and then stopped. He was back on the Earth.

,		1.1	
21. A. have	B. touch	C. catch	D. strike
22. A. felt	B. viewed	C. looked	D. observed
23. A. persuaded	B. led	C. let	D. made
24. A. issues	B. questions	C. sentences	D. letters
25. A. a few	B. a little	C. the number of	D. no
26. A. whether	B. for	C. no matter	D. when
27. A. fairly	B. quite	C. more	D. even
28. A. such	B. so	C. really	D. enough
29. A. for	B. at	C. from	D. on
30. A. dreamed	B. thought	C. wished	D. prospected
31. A. second	B. moment	C. time	D. minute
32. A. no	B. any	C. for	D. quite
33. A. blank	B. earth	C. big	D. room
34. A. in	B. from	C. on	D. to
35. A. fly	B. drop	C. slow	D. leave

得	分	评卷人

IV. Reading Comprehension (60 points)

Directions: There are five reading passages in this part. Each passage is followed by four questions. For each question there are four suggested answers marked A,B,C and D. Choose one best answer and blacken the corresponding letter on the Answer Sheet.

Passage One

The banana "tree" is actually not a real tree. This is because there is no wood in the stem(树干) rising above the ground. The stem is made up of leaves growing very close together, one inside the other. The leaves spread out at the top of the stem and rise in the air.

Banana plants need a lot of care and attention. They must be provided with water if the normal rainfall doesn't supply enough. The area around the plants must be kept free of weeds(杂草) and grass.

About nine of the months after planting, a flower appears on the banana plant. This flower is at the end of a long stalk(茎), which grows from the base up through the center of the stem and turns downward when <u>it</u> comes out from the top. Small bananas form on this flower stalk as it grows downward. Bananas really grow upside down. As the small bananas form on the stalk, they point downward, but as they grow they turn and point upward.

Bananas are harvested while they are still green. Even when they are to be eaten where they are grown, they are not allowed to ripen on the plant. A banana that turns yellow on the plant loses its taste.

36.	The	e first	paragra	ıph ın	the te	xt mainly	discusses		
	Λ		L	- f +l	:			D	 :

A. why the stem of the tree is wood

B. what is banana tree

C. why the banana tree is not a tree D. what do the leaves look like

37. The underlined word "it" in the third paragraph refers to _____.

A. the flower B. the stalk
C. the banana D. the tree

38. According to the text, where do bananas actually grow?

A. On the stem. B. On the leaves.

C. On the flower stalk.

D. On the base of the stem.

39. From the text we know when bananas are harvested, they are _____.

A. green and pointing upward B. yellow and pointing downward

C. green and pointing downward D. yellow and pointing upward

Passage Two

When an NBA player is young, he thinks he can win the championship by himself. It is only later when he has aged and been through many battles that he learns an important lesson; there is no "I" in "team".

their full effort too. mattered. (考点学校名称) 40. The purpose of the article is to show the importance of A. teamwork D. Boston Celtics C. success 考试地点 催考证号 41. If you want to play together with Garnett and Allen, you must A. sacrifice money and individual statistics C. treat every practice seriously 42. By playing with Garnett and Allen, Pierce focused more on A. shooting B. attacking D. defending C. championship 43. What is the most important thing for Pierce? A. To win NBA championship. C. To defend in the game 本人在考试中所提供的个人信息真实准确; Passage Three One of the industral giants who changed American society was Henry Ford born on a farm in 如有违纪情况自愿接受相应处罚 诚信承诺:

承诺人:

There is no better example of the value of teamwork than the Boston Celtics. Paul Pierce, Ray Allen and Keving Garnett were all superstars on three different teams, Yet, none of them had any titles to show for it. Then, last season, they decided to sacrifice money and individual statistics to play together. Garnett and Allen joined Pierce on the Celtics and changed the NBA in the process.

It started in simple ways, Garnett and Allen are two of the most intense athletes in the world. They treat every second of every practice like it is the NBA championship. If you want to play alongside them then you will have to do the same. So, the young guys on the Celtics started giving

Pierce had been the star of the Celtice for many years. He used to shoot the ball many times a game. But with the addition of Allen and Garnett he shot less and focused on defense. His selflessness showed the young players that doing what made the team better was the only thing that

When the Celtice were winning and the game was almost over, Garnett, Pierce and Allen would come out of the game. But they wouldn't just sit on the bench. Instead, they stood and cheered and screamed for their teammates. They wanted to support their friends and teammates.

B. personal experience

B. be a superstar in the team

D. stand and cheer for your teamates

B. To be a good friend of Garnett

D. To do what is good for the team.

Michigan in 1863, and he grew up to bring forth some of the most revolutionary improvements in automotive technology in the early 20th century. His outstanding mechanical ability led him to become interested in the new automobiles in the early 1900s. Though he did not invent the automobile, he improved upon everyone else's designs. He was a person who believed in inexpensive, efficient production, so he established standards for his plants and workers. He also standardized and produced many new auto parts for his Ford Motor Company cars. Then he studied the workers' problems and thousands of automobiles per year. In fact, his plants had produced 15 million Model TS by 1927. Ford's personality was not all thrift(节俭), efficiency and inventiveness. however. He was a man who was cold and who could not keep pace with the competition due to his own rigidity (严格). His company suffered because of his desire to maintain the existing state instead of meeting and beating the competition by changing his products, Finally, he saw that he must change or fail, therefore, he introduced a newtype engine and once again took over the automobile market. Ford left a legacy of millions of dollars, millions of jobs for American workers, and millions of satisfied customers.

44. Henry Ford's believe that

A. products should be sold at low prices in large quantity

B. products should be sold at high prices in large quantity

C. products should be made with less cost but higher efficiency

D. standards must be established in his plants

45. Henry Ford changed the American society

A. through numerous mechanical inventions

B. through automotive technological revolution

C. through great social revolution

D. through radical political reforms

46. It can be inferred that

A. Henry Ford always tried to avoid waste

B. Henry Ford required total observation once the standards were established

C. Henry Ford always encouraged his workers to make changes of the products

D. Henry Ford made his own designs of his cars

47. The example of Henry Ford's attitudes towards competition was used to illustrate

A. another part of his personality

B. why he was left behind the modern competition

C. the causes for his success

D. some of his failures

Passage Four

Would you like to spend all evening reading a lovely story with beautiful illustrations and make \$ 35,000 at the same time? Millions of people all over the world tried to do just that. Only one succeeded. The book is called *Masquerade*, and was written by British painter Kit Williams. Within its pages are clues to the location of a golden jewel, and whoever figured out the clues could find and keep the treasure.

Some years ago, Williams was asked to write a children's book. Wanting to do something no one else had done before, he decided to bury a golden treasure and tell where it was in the book. He began painting without a clear idea of what the story would be about, where he would bury the treasure, or even what the treasure would be. As he painted, he decided that in the story a hare, or rabbit, would travel through earth, air, fire and water to deliver a gift from the moon to the sun.

After three years, he finished the paintings and then wrote the story. The treasure became an 18-carat goldhare, adorned with precious stones, and it was made by Kit Williams himself. This beautiful jewel, worth around \$ 35,000, depending on gold prices, was buried somewhere in Britain, free to anyone who could decipher the clues. Williams's book kept people of all ages

	,				
amused trying to solve the mystery of <i>Masquerade</i> .					
	ring of 1982, by a 48-year-old design engineer. It was				
buried in a park about thirty-five miles fro					
48. The function of the first sentence in the					
A. give detail	B. sum up the story				
C. capture the reader's interest	D. elaborate upon a point				
49. When Williams began working on his h					
A. spent \$ 35,000	B. learned to paint				
C. had already had a rabbit	D. did not know what the story would be about				
50. We can conclude from the passage that	t				
A. the treasure was easily to be found					
B. Kit Williams has many artistic taler	nts				
C. a lot of people found the treasure					
D. Kit Williams said he would pay \$	35,000 to whoever found the treasure				
51. The main theme of the passage is					
A. British painters	B. golden jewelry				
C. a modern treasure hunt	D. writing children's books				
1	Passage Five				
The humorous story may be told to	great length, and may wander around as much as it				
pleases, and arrive nowhere in particular; but the comic(滑稽的) story and the witty (诙谐的)					
story must be brief and end with a point. The humorous story continues gently along, the other two					
burst.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
	of art—high and delicate(精美的) art—and only an				
artist can tell it; but no art is necessary in telling the comic and witty stories; anybody can do it. The art of telling a humorous story—I mean by word of mouth, not print—was created in America,					
and has remained at home.					
The humorous story is told seriously; the teller does his best to hide the fact that he himself					
even suspects that there is anything funny about it; but the teller of the comic story tells you beforehand that it is one of the funniest things he has ever heard, and then tells it with eager					
delight, and is the first person to laugh.					
When he gets through, and sometimes, if he has had good success, he is so glad and happy					
that he will repeat the point of it and glance around from face to face, collecting applause(喝彩),					
and then repeat it again.					
52. Which story takes the longest to tell?	D. The mine stars				
A. The humorous story.	B. The witty story.				
C. The comic story.	D. All three take the same amount of time.				
53. Which story has no particular point?					
A. The humorous story.	B. The witty story.				

	: :	\times \times \times \times			
54. Which of the following statements is TRUE?					
A. The humorous story was created abroad.					
B. The humorous story is basically American.					
C. The humorous story is also loved in other countries.					
D. The humorous story is the least popular in the U.S.A.		密			
55. The teller of humorous story					
A. laughs at his own joke B. repeats it several times					
C. is very serious when he tells it D. is concerned about the reaction of his listeners					
得分评卷人		封			
V. Daily Conversation (15 points)					
Directions: Pick out five appropriate expressions from the eight choices below and complete					
the following dialogue by blackening the corresopnding letter on the Answer	0				
Sheet.		线			
A. when did you get back B. What a surprise I got C. How I admire you					
D. I am Tom E. got hold of F. got through					
G. this is Tom speaking H. tried to get in touch with					
Philip: Hello! Is that you, Tom?					
Tom: Yes, 56.		内			
Philip: I can't believe I 57 you at last. And what have you been doing?					
Tom: Yeah, I haven't been home a lot lately. And I've had a lot of work and social engagements.					
Oh, Philip, 58 to London? Philip Livet same healt shout a week age L 50 year by phone several times but you were not		不			
Philip: I just came back about a week ago, I		' >>>>			
Tom: Sorry, sorry. Did you have a nice holiday, then?					
Philip: Lovely. I went to Scotland and traveled around.					
Tom: 60 ! I need a holiday indeed.		要			
Philip: Well, I suppose so. Tom: Oh, somebody's at the door. I have to go. And I have to say "good-bye". Nice talking to you.					
Philip: Same here, bye-bye.					
得分 评卷人 VI. Writing(25 points)	1	htt:			
vi. writing (25 points)		答			
Directions: For this part, you are supposed to write a letter in 100—120 words based on the					
following situation. Remember to write it clearly.					
·					
61. 近些年来,空气污染问题日益受到人们的关注。写一篇有关这方面的短文,内容包括:		题			
(1) 空气污染的危害; (2) 一些可行的解决办法。					
(4) 一 空刊 1] 的 胖 伏 小 依 。					

D. All of the three.

C. The comic story.